

# Iron County Register.

BY ELI D. AKE.

IRONTON, MISSOURI.

Burglars have broken into the Museum of Fine Arts at Santiago de Chili and cut from their frames ten of the finest paintings, costing 100,000 pesos.

The Kansas Wholesale Egg Dealers' association met at Abilene, Kan., last week, and accepted a contract to ship 100 cars of Kansas eggs to Cuba for the island trade.

Mexico signed the convention of the peace conference on the 17th. China, Luxemburg and Turkey are now the only countries which have not signed the peace convention.

On the 19th R. G. Dun & Co.'s Review of Trade reported: "Failures for the week numbered 206 in the United States against 184 last year, and 21 in Canada, against 17 last year."

G. W. Fishback and Jose Gomez Briscoe, the commissioners of Porto Rico to the Buffalo exposition, sailed from San Juan for New York, on the 16th, on board the steamer San Juan, with the exhibits.

The president, on the 19th, signed and ratified the treaty amending the Brussels convention for the protection of industrial property, and the document has been forwarded to Brussels, where it will be deposited.

Col. John C. Gilmore, assistant adjutant general of the Department of the Lakes, having reached the age limit, retired from the regular army on the 15th. Lieut.-Col. W. P. Hall will advance a grade and succeed him.

In reply to a dispatch of inquiry, Gen. MacArthur, on the 18th, cabled the adjutant general that press reports of speculation in the commissary department at Manila had been greatly exaggerated and were entirely misleading.

The itinerary of the president's tour to the Pacific coast is now complete, and no further appeals for changes in route or stops will be considered. The party will spend Sunday, June 2, at Salt Lake City, as originally planned.

The coronation of King Edward will take place at the end of June, 1902. Westminster abbey will be entirely closed to the public for four months prior to the event, and all services will be suspended, in order to prepare the interior for the ceremony.

The committee of fifteen of New York city, on the 17th, raided seven alleged pool rooms and captured many inmates. At one place, where their visit failed of results, the committee claim that the proprietor was informed by the police of the intended raid.

A court-martial has been convened in Manila to try Lieut. Fred Boyer, who is charged with the embezzlement of commissary stores. Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, of the Thirtieth volunteer infantry, who was arrested under similar charges, will be tried later.

In the Westminster (London) county court, on the 16th, an order for commitment to prison was made against Sir Robert Peel for non-payment of a judgment debt. The warrant, however, was suspended for a week, and it was announced in court that a settlement would be effected in the interval.

The influx of sugar into England from the continent has been so enormous in expectation of the imposition of a duty on that commodity, that 87,520 tons are now in stock in Liverpool, against 33,850 tons for the month of April, 1900. About 6,500,000 Havana cigars have also been taken out of bond.

The quartermaster general's department has purchased a transport at Manila to carry animals from that port to various island stations, relieving the larger transports of that duty. The new transport has been named the Lisicum, in honor of Col. Lisicum, who was killed at the battle of Tien Tsin, China.

A new manganese iron ore field has been discovered 12 miles south of Little Grande, Utah, a station on the Rio Grande-Vernon railway. The report is that E. T. Wolverton, a veteran prospector, when searching for copper, stumbled upon an extinct crater from which had overflowed vast quantities of manganese iron.

The National Academy of Science, at its meeting in Washington, on the 18th, elected Arnold Hague, of Washington city, home secretary, and also the following new members: E. H. Moore, Chicago; Edward H. Nichols, of Cornell university; George E. Bendy, of Washington city; Joseph McK. Cattell and T. M. Prudden, New York.

The Continental Creamery Co., of Topeka, has purchased nine additional creameries in Kansas. This makes a total of 193 creameries owned and operated by the Continental company. Nine of these are in Oklahoma, three in Colorado, two in Nebraska and the remainder in Kansas. The company's output at present is about twenty thousand pounds of butter a day.

The usual scenes attending the reopening of the Irving-Terry season in London, were witnessed around the doors of the Lyceum theater on the 18th. As early as seven o'clock in the morning men and women collected, armed with camp stools, novels, sandwiches and flasks. The crowds rapidly increased until a special police force was required to keep the first-nights in line.

The Lemars national bank, at Lemars, Ia., did not open its doors, on the 17th, Cashier Frank Koob having received the following letter from Thomas F. Ward, vice-president and manager of the institution: "Dear Frank, I leave to-night for God Almighty knows where. This board of trade business has ruined me. Save me from indictment if you can. I will pay back every cent I can."

# TOPICS OF THE DAY.

NEWS FROM EVERYWHERE.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Michael J. Dady, the Brooklyn contractor, has been awarded a contract, amounting to \$550,000, to dredge Cardenas harbor in Cuba.

An investigation of the mortgage records in Shelby county, Ill., by a committee appointed from the board of supervisors has revealed the fact that, between 1894 and 1900, mortgages to the amount of \$9,000,000 have been discovered upon which no tax has been paid. Settlements are being effected.

Senator W. B. Eldridge, of Memphis, in open session of the Tennessee senate, on the 18th, accused ex-Comptroller James A. Harris of an attempt to bribe and precipitated one of the most sensational scenes ever enacted in the halls of a Tennessee legislature.

Gen. John C. Gilmore, colonel in the adjutant general's department, was placed on the retired list, on the 18th, by operation of law on account of age.

The sixth great oil gusher in the Beaumont (Tex.) field was developed on the 18th. It is a fine well and fully as great a producer as any of the others. It is owned by the Heywood Oil Co., a Chicago concern.

The administration is informed, through official channels, that a strong movement is setting in among Cubans to make Tomas Estrada Palma the first president of the Cuban republic. The suggestion is eminently satisfactory to the United States government.

Dr. Alexander Dowie, of Chicago, has retained counsel to contest in the higher courts of Indiana the Wood medical law, enacted by the last legislature. The Wood law strikes vigorously at faith curists and makes the practice of Dowieism an infraction of the law.

A crowded house of commons, on the 18th, heard Sir Michael Hicks Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, till the cost of the war in South Africa. It was stunning in its effect. The anti-war members declare that every Boer killed has cost Great Britain £1,000.

Lucy Lifer, 109 years old, died, on the 18th, at Hick's store, in Harlan county, Ky., from stroke of paralysis. Her first marriage was contracted when she was 40, her third at 80, and at 100 she took a leading part in one of the Harlan county feuds.

The engagement of Miss Vivian Sartoris, grand-daughter of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, to Archibald Balfour, a barrister of London, was announced in Washington on the 18th. Miss Sartoris, who made her debut in Washington, three years ago, is now in London.

A romance of the inaugural ball and a proposal of marriage made on board the Congressional limited express culminated, on the 18th in the marriage of Miss Matilda Agan, of New York city, to former Senator J. Frank Aldrich, of Chicago.

Jockey Head had a narrow escape from being killed at Newport, Ky., on the 19th. He was riding Clipsetta, in the second race, and the horse went down as the field made the first turn. Clipsetta was in front and the boy fell right in the path of the fast flying field. Six horses passed over his form without leaving a mark on him.

The officials of the French foreign office say that the French claim against China for indemnity amounts to 200,000,000 francs.

The great chess event of the year, the sixth international cable match between America and Great Britain for the possession of the Newnes trophy, was begun, on the 19th, under the auspices of the Brooklyn and British Chess clubs.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the students of the Great Kaluga seminary, near Moscow, indulged in a series of excesses which culminated, on the 19th, in shooting at the bishop of Kaluga and the rector of the seminary, neither of whom was hit. Fifteen students were arrested.

Mrs. M. A. Radcliffe was exonerated at Denver, Col., on the 19th, from the suspicion of having voted illegally at the city election on April 2. Justice Hanes, after hearing all the evidence in the case, dismissed the complaint.

The consummation of the project to consolidate all the independent cereal plants of the country is now assured. The various properties, ten in number, will be turned over to the Great Western Cereal Co., at Chicago, on the 25th. The new company will compete with the American Cereal Co., better known as the "Oatmeal trust."

The list of officers accorded promotions and honors for services in South Africa, prior to November 29, 1900, when Lord Roberts gave up the command of the British forces, in the Boer war, fill 16 pages of the Gazette.

The statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, issued on the 19th, showed: Available cash balance, \$152,672,918; gold, \$95,601,958.

Aguinaldo's manifesto to the people of the Philippine islands was issued at Manila on the 19th, in which he counsels all to unite around the glorious sovereign banner of the United States, under which they will gain all the promised liberties which they have already begun to enjoy.

James H. Ardorn, of one of the mining companies of Dawson, arrived in Seattle, Wash., on the 19th, on his way to England. He said that the clean-up this year in the Dawson camp would, from a conservative estimate, amount to \$30,000,000, making it the biggest output in the history of the Klondike.

A new high record for transactions in securities was established on the New York stock exchange on the 19th. Total record sales of stocks ran up to the enormous aggregate of 2,168,942 shares, with sales of bonds amounting to a par value of \$6,940,000.

In the construction of the base of the monument to Nancy Hanks Lincoln, at her grave in Spencer county, Ind., a part of the vault in which the remains of Abraham Lincoln rested in the old monument, at Springfield, Ill., will be used.

The loss by the destruction of the winter palace, in Pekin, by fire, in which Gen. Schwartzkopf lost his life, is estimated at 1,000,000 taels. Count von Waldersee lost everything, including his papers and clothing.

Col. Alfred H. Belo, of the firm of A. H. Belo & Co., proprietors of the Dallas (Tex.) News and Galveston (Tex.) News, died at Asheville, N. C., on the 19th, after a three months' illness. Burial took place at Salem, N. C., Col. Belo's home in childhood.

The March import and export figures, just completed by the treasury bureau of statistics, show a total exportation from the United States in the nine months ending with March, 1901, of \$1,140,170,728, or \$85,540,031 in excess of last year, which held the highest record in the history of our export trade.

Mr. John A. Kasson, of Iowa, has severed his official connection with the state department, where he has been since the beginning of Mr. McKinley's administration, engaged as special plenipotentiary to conduct the negotiation of reciprocity treaties.

The arrangements for the exhibits of the state, war and navy departments to the Buffalo exposition are now practically complete. Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson will be connected with the navy department display.

Adj.-Gen. Corbin authorizes the statement that no material changes will be made in the army in the Philippines until the war department has heard from Gen. Chaffee on the subject. Gen. Chaffee will take command about June 30.

Col. James Hayr, chairman of the Grand Army standing committee on the 21st, lost a leg in the war, and he and his colleagues of the committee had secured free quarters in the school houses and halls of Cleveland, O., for 27,000 veterans at the camp, in that city September 9 to 14 next. Col. Hayr is now ready to receive applications for free quarters.

A high wind which struck Chicago, on the 21st, loosened a huge iron water tank from its fastenings on the roof of the Galbraith building, Madison and Franklin streets, causing it to crash through the six floors to the ground, injuring five persons and resulting in damage to the building estimated at \$50,000. The tank contained 40,000 gallons of water.

The hotel and bath house at the historic Steamboat springs, Nevada, which, in the palmy days of the Comstock mine, was a watering place where more money was squandered in a night than at most any other resort on the Pacific slope, were destroyed by fire on the 21st. The loss is heavy, and, it is understood, no insurance was carried.

Incessant snow and rain for many hours in the valley of the Ohio caused almost unprecedented floods in the Ohio river and its tributaries on the 20th and 21st. Immense damage was done at many points, the city of Pittsburgh alone reporting losses estimated at between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000.

The London morning papers of the 23d, contain elaborate descriptions of the launching of Shamrock II, and expressed good wishes for the success of Sir Thomas Lipton, but they did not venture opinions as to the chances of the challenger.

The work of cutting the Nile silt (floating vegetable matter that forms in the river and obstructs navigation) has been so successful that navigation will shortly be practicable from Regai to Omdurman, a distance of 1,200 miles.

The London Daily Mail says it understands that the managers of the Metropolitan district railway have decided to adopt the electric traction system used by surface lines in New York city.

Joseph Hume, the pioneer salmon packer of the Pacific coast, died, on the 21st, from heart disease. Mr. Hume established the first salmon cannery on the Columbia river in 1874.

Fifty million dollars of Great Britain's new loan has been placed in the United States. The National City bank, J. P. Morgan & Co., Baring, Magoun & Co., and the New York Life Insurance Co., comprise the syndicate that has taken the loan. American subscriptions will probably aggregate much in excess of the \$50,000,000 arranged for.

Sidney C. Newsom, teacher of English and Latin at the manual training high school of Indianapolis, Ind., has accepted the situation of superintendent in one of the nine divisions of the Philippine islands. Mr. Newsom will leave to assume his new duties in a few weeks. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Newsom.

A terrific natural gas explosion occurred in the Commercial hotel at St. Marys, W. Va., on the 22d, resulting in the death of four persons. The entire building, a large frame, was instantly destroyed. Several persons were badly injured, but will recover.

Thomas Sheldahl, editor of The Christian, a monthly publication of Denver, Col., was arrested, on the 22d, on an indictment returned by the federal grand jury, charging him with using the mails to defraud. Sheldahl professes to cure all mental and physical ills by sending "vibrations."

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Ward died in Kansas city, Kas., on the 22d, at the home of her son after a brief illness. She was the daughter of Maj. Chas. Wheeler, who served with distinction in the war of 1812 and in the Mexican war.

Every mine in the fifth Ohio sub-district, which includes Belmont, Harrison and Jefferson counties, Ohio, and the four West Virginia Panhandle counties, is idle, the strike order having become effective on the 22d.

The French foreign minister, M. Delcasse, arrived at St. Petersburg, on the 22d, from Paris. A series of dinners has been arranged in his honor and the czar will receive him in audience at Tsarsko-Selo.

A skiff containing three persons who were catching driftwood in the Ohio river at Legionville, Pa., capsized, on the 22d, and two of the occupants, W. H. Barnhart and Thomas Hoslinger, were drowned.

The Boer force under Commandant Bokburg, composed of 106 men, with wagons and rifles, have surrendered near Middelburg, Transvaal colony.

# MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Governor Signs the Whisky Bill. Gov. Dockery signed the bill commonly known as the whisky bill. Regarding the signing of the measure he said:

"I have signed the bill, and as constructed by Atty.-Gen. Crow it is not complicated or ambiguous in terms and can be readily enforced without vexation or annoyance to the interests affected. The construction of the attorney-general as to the legal effect of this law will be followed in its enforcement by the executive department. The provisions of the law may be concisely stated. It imposes no taxes upon wines, either domestic or foreign. It exempts pure alcohol from taxation. It exempts from taxation all whisky, brandy, rum and gin sold for consumption in other states. The law imposes a tax of 10 cents per gallon upon whisky, brandy, rum and gin, and all other distilled and vinous liquors except such as are exempted as herein set forth, sold for use in this state. This, in the opinion of attorney-general, is the proper interpretation of the law, and as I have stated, will be the interpretation followed by the officers immediately charged with the enforcement of the law. It may be well to make this statement, in view of the widespread misapprehensions as to the provisions of the law."

Recent Deaths. Mrs. Louis Bliss, at Jefferson City, Mo., was about 70 years old, and one of Jefferson City's oldest residents. John H. Glenn, one of the wealthiest farmers and stock-raisers of Callaway county, at his home, 12 miles northwest of Fulton.

Dr. B. E. Lusk, a prominent physician of Bates county, at his home in Lone Oak.

Dr. B. E. Lusk suddenly, at his home at Lone Oak, Bates county.

Judge Fred Fix, for several years a member of the county court of Bates county, at his home a few miles south of Butler.

Joplin's oldest resident, William Hoyt, aged 94. He had been bedfast for several months.

Rev. John Shannon, at his home near Farmington. He was a well-known Methodist, having been a minister for 40 years.

D. H. Tuder, an old citizen of Newton county, at the home of his son, in Neosho.

Deserter Captured. Charles Hirsch was arrested at Louisiana, charged with being a deserter from the United States army. When arrested he confessed, and said this was his second offense. He served four days at Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis, and then deserted. He was captured and taken back again, remaining two months, when he again deserted.

How They Tell It in Paris. Paris describes a new Kansas City paper, who has won success there as having a voice "bell-like in the purity of its timbre, and on flooding the air with silvery sound and again warbling in bird-like crystalline notes or spraying out pearly drops of music, or diminishing again to the light rustling of angelic wings."

Boy Killed by a Street Car. The six-year-old son of Martin Bird, of Hannibal, was struck by a street-car and instantly killed. He was racing with the car in company with several playmates. He attempted to cross the track ahead of the car.

Fell From a Train. Lee Landers was found dead beside the Iron Mountain railroad tracks near Dexter, Stoddard county. Both legs were cut off, and the body mangled. It is believed he fell from a train while stealing a ride.

Jury Could Not Agree. The jury in the trial of E. M. Fisher, charged with murdering Sheriff Richard Jarrett of McDonald county, at Southwest City, last July, was discharged, having come to no decision.

To Escape the Missouri Tax. St. Louis liquor dealers will erect a warehouse across the river in Illinois in order to escape the 10 cents per gallon tax on whisky in storage imposed by Missouri.

Courthouse Burned. The courthouse at Danville, one of the county seats of Montgomery county, caught fire and burned. All of the county records, except two books, were destroyed.

Found Dead in a Barn. John Purwell was found dead in the barn of his brother-in-law, E. W. Gosney, at Calhoun, Henry county. The coroner's jury said death from unknown causes.

Farmer Charged With Arson. Grant Gipson, an extensive farmer in the southern part of Macon county, has been arrested on the charge of arson. His barn burned several months ago.

Old Man Killed. W. H. Kennedy, aged 70, was run down and instantly killed by a Chicago & Alton passenger train near Mexico. He had no known relatives.

Additional Rural Delivery. Additional free rural delivery will be established May 1 at Chillicothe. There will be five carriers; length of route 140 1/2 miles; population, 3,406.

Bitten By a Mad Dog. The eight-year-old daughter of John Rucker, near Booneville, was bitten by a mad dog. A madstone was applied, and, it is said, took effect.

Burglars Wreck a Saloon. Burglars entered a saloon at Corder, Lafayette county, wrecked the place with nitroglycerine, secured \$100 in cash and made their escape.

Verdict of Not Guilty. In the case of Clay Lumkin, charged with the murder of C. L. Smith, at Selman, Barry county, the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

In Front of a Looking Glass. Zona Hart, a 15-year-old girl, committed suicide at Canton by standing in front of a looking glass and shooting through the head.

Fatal Horse's Kick. Eden Burris, aged 72, a prominent farmer of Vernon county, was kicked by a horse and fatally hurt.

# NO COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

Simmons Bill Vetoed by Gov. Dockery—Holds It Is Unconstitutional by Reason of Its Discrimination.

Gov. Dockery vetoed the compulsory education bill, house bill No. 375, entitled, "An act to enforce the constitutional right of every child in the state to an education, to provide for truant or parental schools and attendance officers in cities of 10,000 population or more, and to prohibit the employment of children during school hours. The measure was introduced by Representative Simmons, of Shelby county, and is generally known as the 'Simmons bill,' though the measure was drawn by a committee of three from the Missouri State Teachers' association, which declared for compulsory education at their annual meeting last December. The committee was composed of Professors H. W. Prentiss, of St. Louis; F. D. Thorpe, of Kansas City, and G. V. Buchanan, of Sedalia.

In the veto message to Secretary of State Sam B. Cook, Gov. Dockery says:

"This bill takes from the parent the right to decide when his child, between 8 and 14 years of age, shall attend school, and vests in certain public officials the power to determine this question. It makes a revolutionary change in the theory and practice affecting the rights of parents which have heretofore prevailed in this state. It has since advocates whose only desire is to benefit the child, and who have no selfish motive in pressing the measure. I can not, however, approve this paternal measure, and will consequently state the reasons which compel me to withhold my assent.

"The bill violates the constitutional requirement of uniformity in legislation, inasmuch as it makes improper classifications and arbitrary distinctions between children of the same age and residing in the same district, and is therefore obnoxious to the constitutional prohibition against class legislation. Laws may be made for a class, but not for certain individuals of a class. This bill provides for the compulsory attendance upon a public or private school of children between 8 and 14 years of age, but it exempts from its provisions children whose parents are not able from extreme destitution to provide proper clothing for their children. The bill discriminates in its requirements between children of the same district, when the only distinction is the financial condition of their parents.

"The bill confers extra judicial duties upon the courts. It requires excuses for non-attendance to be presented to these tribunals instead of to the parents. The judges of the courts must act as general superintendents of the children within their respective jurisdictions, and say who shall and who shall not attend school. This is not done in a legal procedure, but seems to be a sort of ex-parte supervisory control conferred upon the judicial tribunals over the children of the district. If this is not an unconstitutional enlargement of the jurisdiction of the courts, it is at least an unwelcome addition to the labors of those whose dockets, in many instances, are now overcrowded.

"In considering this bill the inquiry logically suggests itself, if the state assumes the right to decide when, under what circumstances, and how long the child must be kept at school, regardless of the wishes of the parents, then why may not the state decide to what school the child shall go, and what shall be taught, and take from the parent that privilege also? It is only one step further in the same direction.

"In my opinion this bill is the logical outgrowth of paternalism.

Hon. J. B. Gantt, one of Missouri's learned justices, in a recent opinion of the supreme court, declared that "paternalism, whether state or federal, as the derivation of the term implies, is the assumption by the government of a quasi-fatherly relation to the citizen and his family, involving excessive governmental regulations of the private affairs and business methods and interests of the people, upon the theory that the people are not capable of managing their own affairs, and is pernicious in its tendencies. In a word, it minimizes the citizen and maximizes the government. Paternalism is a plant that should receive no nourishment upon the soil of Missouri." This unanimous opinion of our supreme court has my most cordial indorsement, and I think this bill is a long step in the direction of the policy condemned by that decision. I am therefore constrained to withhold my approval.

Foetus Sent Against Robbers. Berlin, April 16.—The German war office has received the following dispatch from Count Von Waldersee:

"Pekin, Saturday, April 13. 'Maj. Von Schoenberg, with company of 250 men, mounted infantry, cavalry and artillery, has been sent from here to disperse robbers in the mountains northeast of Chang Ping Chau, 30 kilometers north of Pekin. A company of troops from Chang Ping Chau will intercept the retreat of the robbers.'

FROM THE FATHERLAND. The German city of Cassel will celebrate the thousandth anniversary of its foundation in 1912.

Dresden is to have in 1903 a "city exhibition," at which all German towns of over 25,000 inhabitants are to be represented.

Of 530,000 persons paying taxes in Berlin over 295,000 possess an income between \$250 and \$750 per annum, only 43,000 pay on incomes of over \$750, while 12 persons have an income over \$250,000, and one person has \$500,000.

Berlin has an association of physicians who pay a sum equal to five per cent. of their income tax every year into the treasury. This yields about \$12,000 a year, which is given to those members and their families who need help.

Germany, although it has 35,000,000 acres of forests excellently managed and yielding an immense revenue, demands increasingly greater quantities of wood, so that for the last ten years the amount of timber which it buys has doubled and its value trebled.

# CAPT. RIPLEY NOT GUILTY.

The Jury at Frankfort, Ky., Took But a Short Time to Reach a Verdict.

Frankfort, Ky., April 21.—The jury in the case of Capt. Garnett Ripley, charged with being implicated in the assassination of Wm. Goebel, rendered a verdict of not guilty after deliberating only a short time. The defendant was immediately surrounded by friends and congratulated.

Although the jury was out two hours, most of the time was taken up in discussing the case in the jury room. Only two ballots were taken. On the first ballot ten jurors voted "not guilty," and two voted guilty. The two who voted guilty said they believed the evidence showed him connected with the conspiracy, but when they learned that either a life imprisonment sentence or the death sentence must be imposed, and that a shorter sentence would not be permissible they voted with the majority for an acquittal.

The verdict is generally approved, though it was a surprise, as it was generally predicted there would be a hung jury. Capt. Ripley is the fourth of the alleged Goebel suspects to be tried. The jury was composed exclusively of democrats.

The matter of a requisition for the return of ex-Gov. W. S. Taylor from Indiana for trial is again a theme of popular speculation.

# SHAMROCK II. LAUNCHED.

Sir Thomas Lipton's New Cup Challenger Successfully Launched at Dumbarton, Scotland.

Dumbarton, April 20.—Shamrock II. was satisfactorily launched at Denny's yards in the presence of a good crowd of invited guests, newspapermen and employers. Lady Dufferin christened the new challenger, which looked spick and span in its coat of white paint, trimmed with green, while the manganese bottom of the new boat shone like a mirror.

Lord and Lady Dufferin, Sir Thomas Lipton and others who came from Glasgow on a special train, stood up of a raised platform decorated with Union Jacks, the Stars and Stripes and the Irish flag, and with Venetian masts in green and white, which were the prevailing colors.

Throughout the weather could not have been better. The sun shone brightly, and overcoats had been discarded. The employees of the Dennys had a holiday and, in fact, all Dumbarton was en fete to see Lady Dufferin break the bottle over the curiously snub-nosed bow of the boat.

The British experts are very confident about the new boat, and think her the best that ever challenged for the cup.

"But if you don't win," said the correspondent to Sir Thomas Lipton, "will you try it again?"

"I expect next year to build a defender, not a challenger," was the diplomatic answer.

In this connection, the manager of Denny's yard said:

"When Mr. James Gordon Bennett saw the Shamrock II. here a few weeks ago, he said: 'Well, if she wins, I am prepared to build a challenger.'"

At 11:45 a. m. Sir Thomas Lipton personally conducted the correspondent over and under the Shamrock II. This minute inspection confirmed the report that she is built on a general type, but embodies such novelties as prove her designers pursued an independent line of development, rather than followed yachting conventions.

# THE REWARD WITHDRAWN.

Great Personal Annoyance the Only Result Obtained from Its Offer.

New York, April 22.—The \$10,000 reward offered by Rev. Father Mullen, of the Church of the Sacred Heart, High Bridge, for the return of the lost Willie McCormick to his parents and the arrest of his abductors, was withdrawn by the priest yesterday. Father Mullen said he had been compelled to take the action to escape a horde of mountebanks, clairvoyants, fakirs of every sort and cranks of all degrees, who have besieged him since he posted the money.

"I have had no time whatever for the performance of my sacred duties since I offered the reward," said Father Mullen. "I have had letters from all over the country, and there have awaited me daily scores of persons pretending to know something of the lost lad. I have withdrawn the reward temporarily, as I have work that must be attended to. My offer has been good for four days, and I propose no result but infinite annoyance to me. If there comes any news of the boy within the next week that appears to give hope I will at once renew my offer and increase the amount to any sum that will produce the results—the capture of the kidnapers and the return of the boy."

# TRAIN CAPTURED BY BOERS.

A Train, Loaded with Cattle and Coal, Captured by Boers Near Montero, Cape Colony.

East London, Cape Colony, Friday, April 19.—A train loaded with cattle and coal was captured by the Boers near Montero, Cape Colony, Thursday evening. The forward locomotive escaped and ran to Stormberg, and returned with troops, who found the train on fire. A couple of natives were killed. The train hands had been stripped and then released.

# EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, April 21.—The president has appointed Wm. M. Jenkins, of Oklahoma territory, to be governor of that territory, and James W. Reynolds, of New Mexico, to be secretary of the territory of New Mexico.

# BIG FIRE AT KISWICK, CAL.

Sacramento, Cal., April 21.—A special fire from Keswick says: Fifteen business houses, on North Main street were burned, the Monte Carlo theater being among them. Total loss \$30,000, no insurance.

# THE CONVERTED AGUINALDO.

He Has Seen for Himself the Benevolent Intent of the United States and is Satisfied.

Manila, April 23.—A press representative visited Emilio Aguinaldo, yesterday, at 56 Soullano street, whither he was removed from the Malacañan, and found him in a large room up stairs, furnished with a table, a typewriting machine, three settees and 2